

MY WILDFIRE READY PLAN

Thank you for committing to:

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We understand that reducing wildfire risk is hard work. That's why your local wildfire experts have created a plan for you that's realistic, achievable, and just makes sense for your property. So, when you're ready...let's get started!



WILDFIRE READY TODAY: Whether you rent, own a vacation home, own a forested property, or just live in a home with a backyard, we offer clear steps to help you stand up to wildfires. It all starts with your community. Step one is to engage with your neighbors and develop a plan, because one of our best defenses against wildfire is collaboration.

WILDFIRE READY TOMORROW: The steps you take today are a great beginning, but it's important we look at wildfire resilience over the long term. Because when we get there, the payoff is huge: A wildfire-ready home and community of neighbors who are all working together to keep it that way.

Use this Wildfire Ready Plan to find your starting point and map out a plan for long-term wildfire preparedness every season and every year.



TOP PRIORITY







ENGAGE WITH YOUR NEIGHBORS





- Schedule time to talk with your local wildfire experts.
 - Sign up for a free Wildfire Ready Home Visit to determine how vulnerable your property is to wildfire based on the unique characteristics of your home and its immediate surroundings. During the visit, you'll receive tailored recommendations that will help increase your home's chance of surviving a wildfire. Ideally, you would be present for the visit, but it's not required for completion.
 - If your property is forested, sign up for a free Forest Health Consultation to assess your forest's health and identify potential problems and solutions. During the visit, a local forester will help you determine the management practices that best match your goals and are optimal for your forest's health.
 - If you already signed up for a home visit or consultation on our website hang tight! Someone will be in contact with you for scheduling. If you didn't express interest in one of these services when you signed up, but would like to now, visit wildfireready.dnr.wa.gov/visit.
 - Support your local fire district.
 - Install reflective address signs with 4-inch lettering on your home, and where your driveway meets the main road to help first responders save lives during wildfire incidents and medical emergencies.
 - Volunteer! Local fire districts are always looking for new volunteers who want to serve the community and can dedicate their time. Not sure which fire district you're in? Contact your county's emergency management department.

Stay connected to your neighbors and lend a helping hand.

- Stay connected to your neighbors by creating a shared list of everyone's contact information. Once connected, stay engaged by talking to each other about the best way to prepare your home and properties for wildfire.
- Work with your Homeowners Association or form a neighborhood committee to create a joint action plan. You can even request a neighborhood wildfire risk assessment or apply for the national Firewise USA® site recognition program at firewise.org.
- Team up with others in your neighborhood to lend a helping hand to those who aren't able to prepare for wildfires on their own.

Are you a renter? Talk to your landlord!

 If you're a renter, talk to your landlord about Wildfire Ready Neighbors and the actions in this plan. By doing so, you're helping to educate them on how to prepare your building and/or property in reducing wildfire risk. Take note that this may include steps unique to your building, like tending to flammable landscaping and common areas such as courtyards and pools.



ANNUAL ACTIONS | |





Harden your home against embers.

- To reduce ember entry, use metal panels or an 1/8-inch metal mesh to screen or box-in the area below your deck. If exterior vents are not already ember-resistant, 1/8-inch metal mesh screening should also be applied.
- The roof is the most vulnerable part of your home. If you have a wood roof, it is considered an extreme danger and should be replaced with Class A fire-rated materials listed here: bit.ly/2xEy9Av. Even if your roof is fire-resistant, regularly inspect it for loose or missing shingles and replace as needed.
- Clear pine needles and leaves from your gutters and roof on a schedule that makes sense for your property — most likely on a seasonal basis.



Remove all flammable items within 5 feet of your home's edges.

- Create a non-flammable perimeter by removing all flammable items within the Immediate Zone. This includes anything flammable underneath decks or porches, as well as debris, dead vegetation, pine needles, wood fencing and other ignitable materials such as newspapers, boxes, or firewood.
- Remove flammable mulches and plants containing resins, oils, and waxes, such as arborvitae and juniper trees. Choose fire-resistant plants from this list found here: bit.ly/3KGHmle and use non-flammable ground cover options like crushed stone and gravel.

CREATE A DEFENSIBLE SPACE



Make an evacuation plan and practice it with your household.

- Create an evacuation plan for you and your family that includes designated emergency meeting locations, escape routes, plans for pets and large animals, and other key items listed at **redcross.org/wildfire.**
- Visit **nfpa.org/disaster** for a list of items to include in your Emergency Supply Kit, such as a regularly updated list of emergency contact phone numbers. And, in case you can't get home due to the nature of the emergency, be sure to keep an extra supply kit in your car.
- Sign up to receive notifications and public emergency alerts from your county's emergency management department: mil.wa.gov/alerts.



SEASONAL ACTIONS



Remove flammables in the Intermediate Zone.*

- Maintain healthy flowers, plants, and grasses within 30 feet of your home. Consider updating your landscaping with fire-resistant plants that need little water. See more on this below.
- Move firewood to a location more than 30 feet away from your home.
- If you have a large propane tank in this zone, remove debris and any live plants from under or within 3-5 feet around the tank.

Prune trees and manage vegetation in the Intermediate Zone.*

- Trim branches that overhang the home, porch and deck, and prune tree branches up to 12 feet from the ground (depending on the tree's height); for shorter trees, do not trim hivgher than 1/3 of the overall tree height. In some instances, this may require help from a certified arborist.
- Plants containing resins, oils, and waxes, such as arborvitae and juniper trees, should be removed to reduce risk. Choose fire-resistant and drought-tolerant plants from this list found here: bit.ly/3KGHmle. Once chosen, keep them spaced out and maintained.
- Sign up for a free Forest Health Consultation with a local forester to learn more about specific spacing, management, and landscape recommendations based on your property's unique characteristics. If you didn't express interest for this service when you signed up, but would like to now, please visit wildfireready.dnr.wa.gov/visit.

Prune and thin trees in the Extended Zone.*

- To minimize the intensity of a wildfire, remove small conifers growing between mature trees, and create spaces between tree canopies accordingly.
- Specific recommendations are dependent on slope, tree species, and other landscape-specific conditions, and should be reviewed with a local forester during a free Forest Health Consultation. If you didn't express interest for this service when you signed up, but would like to now, please visit wildfireready.dnr.wa.gov/visit.
 - Once your consultation is complete, check out the provided list of contractors in your area to see who can help you complete your site-specific recommendations.

^{*}See graphic on previous page for more information on zones.



Wildfire Ready Neighbors is brought to you by...





